

# WATCHLIST 2015

THIS LIST IS BASED ON NUMBERS OF REGISTERED BREEDING FEMALES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM



Cotswold Moorit



Whitefaced Shorthorn



Berkshire Piglet



Hackney Horse



Red Pig

## SHEEP



**2. ENDANGERED**  
(300 TO 500)

+ BORERAY



**3. VULNERABLE**  
(500 TO 900)

- + CASTLEMILK MOORIT
- = DEVON & CORNWALL LONGWOOL
- + LEICESTER LONGWOOL
- = NORTH RONALDSAY
- = TEESWATER
- = WHITEFACED WOODLAND



**4. AT RISK**  
(900 TO 1500)

- + BALWEN
- = COTSWOLD
- + HILL RADNOR
- = LINCOLN LONGWOOL
- = MANX LOAGHTAN
- + NORFOLK HORN
- = PORTLAND
- = SOAY
- = WENSLEYDALE
- + WHITEFACE DARTMOOR



**5. MINORITY**  
(1500 TO 3000)

- = BORDER LEICESTER
- = DEVON CLOSEWOOL
- + DORSET DOWN
- = DORSET HORN
- + GREYFACE DARTMOOR
- + LLANWENOG
- = OXFORD DOWN

## CATTLE



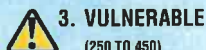
**1. CRITICAL**  
(LESS THAN 150)

- + THE CHILLINGHAM WILD CATTLE
- DAIRY SHORTHORN (Original population)
- NORTHERN DAIRY SHORTHORN
- VAYNOL



**2. ENDANGERED**  
(150 TO 250)

- + NATIVE ABERDEEN ANGUS
- + WHITEBRED SHORTHORN



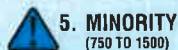
**3. VULNERABLE**  
(250 TO 450)

= GLOUCESTER



**4. AT RISK**  
(450 TO 750)

- = IRISH MOILED
- = LINCOLN RED (Original population)
- SHETLAND



**5. MINORITY**  
(750 TO 1500)

- = BRITISH WHITE
- = TRADITIONAL HEREFORD
- = WHITE PARK

## PIGS



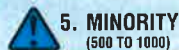
**3. VULNERABLE**  
(200 TO 300)

- BERKSHIRE
- BRITISH LOP
- \* BRITISH LANDRACE
- LARGE BLACK
- MIDDLE WHITE
- TAMWORTH



**4. AT RISK**  
(300 TO 500)

- BRITISH SADDLEBACK
- LARGE WHITE
- OXFORD SANDY AND BLACK
- WELSH



**5. MINORITY**  
(500 TO 1000)

- GLOUCESTERSHIRE OLD SPOT



Golden Guernsey

## GOATS



**2. ENDANGERED**  
(100 TO 200)

= BAGOT



**5. MINORITY**  
(500 TO 1000)

+ GOLDEN GUERNSEY

## EQUINE



**1. CRITICAL**  
(LESS THAN 300)

- + CLEVELAND BAY HORSE
- DALES PONY
- ERISKAY PONY
- HACKNEY HORSE AND PONY
- + SUFFOLK HORSE



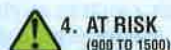
**2. ENDANGERED**  
(300 TO 500)

- DARTMOOR PONY
- EXMOOR PONY



**3. VULNERABLE**  
(500 TO 900)

= CLYDESDALE HORSE



**4. AT RISK**  
(900 TO 1500)

- FELL PONY
- HIGHLAND PONY
- = SHIRE HORSE



**5. MINORITY**  
(1500 TO 3000)

- NEW FOREST PONY



Buff Duck

## POULTRY

### NATIVE BREEDS AT RISK

RBST recognises a wide range of native breeds of poultry, including large fowl, true bantams, ducks, geese and turkeys.

Breeds on the list are not categorised and not all are considered to be numerically rare, although some are. All fulfill the RBST definition of being a UK native breed and/or other criteria.

Please see our 'Poultry Breeds at Risk' leaflet or visit: [www.rbst.org.uk](http://www.rbst.org.uk)

## OTHER NATIVE BREEDS

Breeds in categories 1-5 form part of a wider population of breeds native to the British Isles. Those shown in **green** have progressed from Watchlist categories 1 to 5. The following breeds of Irish origin can be found in the UK and historically have been part of British agriculture: Kerry cattle; Galway sheep; Irish Draught horse and Connemara pony.

### SHEEP – Over 3000 registered adult breeding females

- Badgerface Welsh
- Beulah
- Black Welsh Mountain**
- Blackface (Scottish)
- Blueface Leicester
- Brecknock Hill Cheviot
- Clun Forest
- Dalesbred
- Derbyshire Gritstone
- Exmoor Horn
- Hampshire Down
- Hebridean**
- Herdwick
- Jacob**
- Kerry Hill**
- Llandovery Whiteface Hill
- Llwyn**
- Lonk
- North Country Cheviot
- Romney
- Rough Fell
- Ryeland**
- Shetland**
- Shropshire**
- Southdown**
- South Country Cheviot
- South Wales Mountain**
- Suifolk
- Swaledale
- Welsh Hill Speckled
- Welsh Mountain
- Wiltshire Horn**

### CATTLE – Over 1500 registered adult breeding females

- Aberdeen Angus
- Ayrshire
- Beef Shorthorn**
- Belted Galloway**
- Dairy Shorthorn
- Devon
- Dexter
- Galloway
- Guernsey
- Hereford
- Highland
- Jersey
- Lincoln Red
- Longhorn**
- Luing
- Red Poll**
- South Devon
- Sussex
- Welsh Black

### EQUINE – Over 3000 registered adult breeding females

- Shetland Pony
- Welsh Pony and Cob

### Key

- + More than a 5% increase in the registered breeding females this year.
- = Less than 5% change in the registered breeding females this year.
- More than a 5% decrease in the registered breeding females this year.
- \* Llanwenog sheep and British Landrace pig were added to the Watchlist in 2015.

### WATCHLIST GUIDELINES

The number of registered adult breeding females is used as a guideline to determine placement of a breed in a conservation category. However other factors such as population, genetic factors (such as inbreeding and genetic erosion) and current trends in breed density and distribution (geographical concentration in a small area) can mean a breed will be highly vulnerable to disease outbreaks and so are also included in making assessments of endangerment. If insufficient information exists to fulfil all current guidelines for breed acceptance, RBST may occasionally recognise breeds it considers to be of genetic conservation importance.

In addition to the registered flocks of Boreray and Soay sheep, feral populations exist in the Western Isles of Scotland.

An original population is that segment of an original, native breed recognised by RBST, which has not suffered unacceptable introgression.

For full guidelines visit [www.rbst.org.uk](http://www.rbst.org.uk)

Join RBST to help save the UK's rare breeds

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